# Spending Momentum Index

Australia

# Australian consumer spending stays on firm footing

The Visa Australia Spending Momentum Index (SMI) dropped 2.9 points in May to a still-strong 103.5. Despite the slight moderation, all states and territories remained above the expansionary 100 mark, with the Australian Capital Territory leading with 104.7. The strong SMI outturns in April and May averaged 104.9—well above the Q1 average of 98.4—and could portend firmer household consumption growth in Q2 following the recently released lacklustre Q1 gross domestic product (GDP) print.

After public holidays helped spur the non-discretionary SMI to a 52-month high in April, the non-discretionary SMI declined 3.2 points in May. This reflects both a return to normal following the previous month's stockpiling as well as caution among consumers, who are increasingly turning to cheaper home-brand products in supermarkets. South Australia and New South Wales registered the largest moderation but remained above 100. While the restaurant SMI slid by 0.3 points, it is stabilising at a level in line with the period prior to the weather- and holidayrelated distortions of the preceding two months. Meanwhile, fuel spending fell sharply, especially in Tasmania. The decline in the fuel SMI aligns with a roughly 11 percent YoY decrease in average petrol prices nationwide. In comparison, the discretionary SMI rose 0.1 point, with Tasmania posting the largest monthly gain, suggesting consumers redirected fuel savings to discretionary spending. Similar trends held in other states.

While consumer confidence readings have stalled in the face of tariff-related uncertainty, domestic fundamentals like disposable household income and employment ultimately drive spending. Stable household income and labour market data, combined with recent strong SMI readings, indicate spending momentum is reasserting itself in Australia.

# Simon Baptist

June 2025

Principal Asia Pacific Economist sbaptist@visa.com

### Weiwen Ng

Senior Global Economist weiweng@visa.com

May SMI at a glance Latest index reading

## Nationwide momentum:

Change from previous month

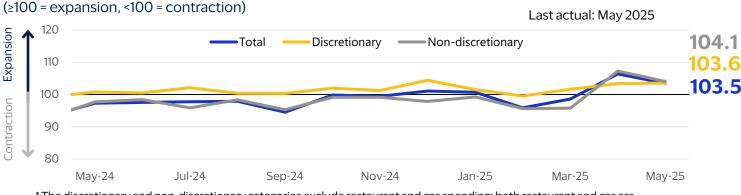
Total -2.9

Discretionary + 1

Non-discretionary

-3.2

# Spending Momentum Index\*



\* The discretionary and non-discretionary categories exclude restaurant and gas spending; both restaurant and gas are included in the total SMI. See additional definitions of spending categories on page 2. Source: Visa Business and Economic
Insights. The Visa Australia SMI measures the current month relative to the same month last year. Both national and
regional readings of the index are based on year-over-year changes in consumer spending with Visa bankcards.





#### **Spending Categories\*:**

**Discretionary** (airlines, lodging, auto rental, appliance retail, computer retail, fashion retail, florist, general department store, home goods retail, leisure goods retail, luxury goods retail, repurposed goods retail, sporting goods retail, attractions & amusements, duty free, entertainment, gambling, marina services, sport & recreation, transportation, travel agencies, construction services, electric goods repair, home repair services, personal services, professional services, spa/beauty services, telecommunication, charity, direct marketing, membership clubs).

**Non-discretionary** (medical/health services, pharmacy, food retail, supermarkets, postal/courier, utilities, education, tolls/fees, wholesale).

#### Methodology

The Visa Spending Momentum Index (SMI) measures the breadth of year -over-year change in household spending within an economy, including the share of households with increased spending compared with those where spending was stable or declined. The index is generated using proprietary techniques that extract economic signals from business-related noise inherent in VisaNet transaction data, such as portfolio flips, routing changes, or evolving acceptance across geographies or merchant segments. Regional and national aggregates are population-weighted averages.

The resulting sample data is then aggregated using a diffusion index framework in which index values are scored from 0 to 200. Values above 100 indicate broad-based net acceleration in economic momentum. Values below 100 indicate contraction on an annual basis. To ensure compliance with Visa's confidentiality obligations and with applicable laws, any market or competitor data that does not meet Visa Inc.'s minimum benchmarking requirements will not be shared.

#### Disclaimer

The Australia Visa Spending Momentum Index (SMI) is based on a sample of aggregated, depersonalised VisaNet and third-party data; it is not reflective of Visa operational and/or financial performance. SMI is provided "as is" without warranties of any kind, express or implied, including, without limitation, as to the accuracy of the data or the implied warranties of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, and/or non-infringement.

SMI is intended for informational purposes only and should not be relied upon for marketing, legal, technical, tax, financial, or other advice. Visa is not responsible for your use of the information contained herein, including errors of any kind, or any assumptions or conclusions you might draw from its use, and Visa has no obligation to update data contained therein.

The views, opinions, and/or estimates, as the case may be ("views"), expressed herein are those of the Visa Business and Economic Insights team and do not necessarily reflect those of Visa executive management or other Visa employees and affiliates. This presentation and content, including estimated economic forecasts, statistics, and indexes are intended for informational purposes only and should not be relied upon for operational, marketing, legal, technical, tax, financial or other advice and do not in any way reflect actual or forecasted Visa operational or financial performance. Visa neither makes any warranty or representation as to the completeness or accuracy of the views contained herein, nor assumes any liability or responsibility that may result from reliance on such views. These views are often based on current market conditions and are subject to change without notice.

\*The discretionary and non-discretionary categories exclude restaurant and fuel spending; both restaurant and fuel are included in the total SMI.

### Visa Business and Economic Insights Staff

Wayne Best, Chief Economist	wbest@visa.com
Bruce Cundiff, Vice President, Consumer Insights	bcundiff@visa.com
Simon Baptist, Principal Asia Pacific Economist	sbaptist@visa.com
Mohamed Bardastani, Principal CEMEA Economist	mbardast@visa.com
Michael Brown, Principal U.S. Economist	michael.brown@visa.com
Adolfo Laurenti, Principal European Economist	laurenta@visa.com
Richard Lung, Principal Global Economist	rlung@visa.com
Dulguun Batbold, Senior Global Economist	dbatbold@visa.com
Weiwen Ng, Senior Global Economist	weiweng@visa.com
Joel Virgen Rojano, Senior LAC Economist	jvirgenr@visa.com
Jennifer Doettling, Director, Content and Editorial	jdoettli@visa.com
Michael Nevski, Director, Consumer Insights	mnevski@visa.com
Travis Clark, U.S. Economist	wiclark@visa.com
Hannah Heeran, European Economist	heeranh@visa.com
Sean Windle, U.S. Economist	swindle@visa.com
Jen Petosky, Analyst, Content and Editorial	jepetosk@visa.com
Michelle Yi, U.S. Economic Analyst	michyi@visa.com
Juliana Tang, Project Coordinator	jultang@visa.com

For more information, please visit us at <u>Visa.com/Economicinsights</u> or <u>VisaEconomicInsights@visa.com</u>.